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Equations for functions on $\mathbb{R}^2$

Definition. Definition

An equation (PDE) for unknown

$$u : U \subseteq \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R} \text{ or } \mathbb{C}$$

is a function

$$F : U \times \mathbb{R}^N \rightarrow \mathbb{R} \text{ or } \mathbb{C}$$

for which u is a solution if

$$F(x, y, u, \mathfrak{D}u, \dots, \mathfrak{D}^\alpha u) = 0$$

for all $(x, y) \in U$.

degree		homog	non-homog
1	linear	$a(x, y)u_x + b(x, y)u_y =$	$a(x, y)u_x + b(x, y)u_y =$
	semi-linear	$a(x, y)u_x + b(x, y)u_y =$	$a(x, y)u_x + b(x, y)u_y =$
	quasi-linear	$a(x, y, u(x, y))u_x + b(x, y, u(x, y))u_y =$	$a(x, y, u(x, y))u_x + b(x, y, u(x, y))u_y =$
	general (non-linear)		
2	semi-linear	$au_{xx} + 2bu_{xy} + cu_{yy} =$ (linear)	$au_{xx} + 2bu_{xy} + cu_{yy} =$
	semi-linear, elliptic		$ac - b^2 > 0$
	semi-linear, hyperbolic		$ac - b^2 < 0$
	semi-linear, parabolic		$ac - b^2 = 0$
	general (non-linear)		
≥ 3			
fractional			

Current note has 0 direct children and 0 total descendants.

- [stem](#)
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And it has 5 siblings.

- [stem](#)
 - [subobjects of and functions on \$\mathbb{R}^n, S^n, \mathbb{C}^n\$ and its quotients \$\Gamma \backslash \mathbb{R}^n, \Gamma \backslash \mathbb{C}^n\$](#)
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 - $$\partial_t^2 + \sum_{i=1}^n v_i^2 \partial_{x_i}^2 + m^2$$
 - [First order PDEs in \$\mathbb{R}^n\$](#)
 - $$\partial_t^2 + \sum_{i=1}^n v_i^2 \partial_{x_i}^2$$