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Principal G -bundles over topological spaces

$$G \curvearrowright P \rightarrow X$$

Definition. Principal G -bundles $G \curvearrowright P \rightarrow X$

A **topological principal G -bundle over X**

$$G \curvearrowright P \rightarrow X := (G \curvearrowright P, \pi_P : P \rightarrow X, \mathcal{U})$$

where

- G is a [Topological group](#) called the structure group
- X is a [\$T_2\$ topological space](#) (Hausdorff?)
- a surjective continuous map

$$\pi_P : P \rightarrow X$$

- a right group action

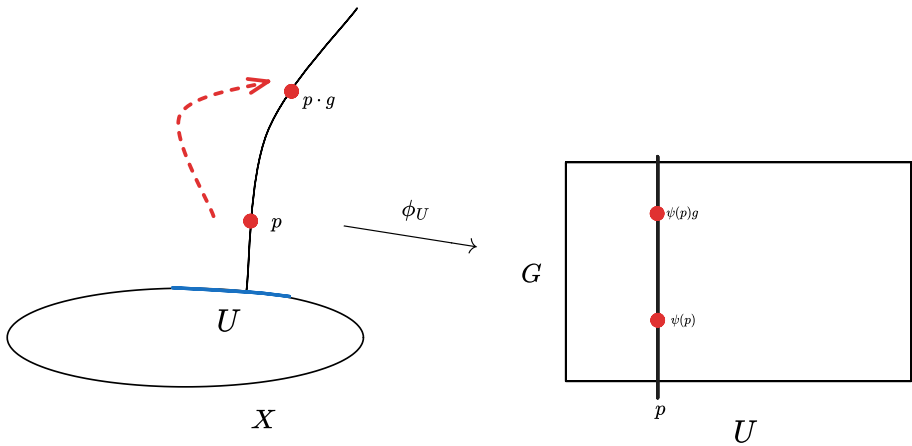
$$G \curvearrowright P$$

- preserves fibres
- locally trivial* for each $x \in X$, $\exists (U, \phi_U) \in \mathcal{U}$ where
 - U is a open nbd of x in X
 - and a homeomorphism

$$\begin{aligned} \phi_U : \pi_P^{-1}(U) &\rightarrow U \times G \\ p &\mapsto (\pi_P(p), \psi) \end{aligned}$$

such that

$$\psi(p \cdot g) = \psi(p)g$$



For a [principal \$G\$ -bundle](#) $G \curvearrowright P \rightarrow X$ we have

$$\begin{aligned} P/G &\cong X \\ p &\mapsto \pi(p) \end{aligned}$$

which means

$$\pi^{-1}(\pi(p)) = p \cdot G$$

Definition. The trivial G -bundle over X is defined as

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Trivial} : G \curvearrowright X \times G &\rightarrow X \\ (x, h) &\mapsto^g (x, hg) \\ (x, g) &\mapsto x \end{aligned}$$

The action $G \curvearrowright P$ is always free but generally not transitive.

classifying spaces

For each group G there is a $BG \in \text{Top}$ such that the isomorphism classes of G -bundles over any Top X is bijective to the homotopy classes of maps $X \rightarrow BG$

$$GBun_{\cong}(X) \cong \pi_0 \text{Homeo}(X, BG)$$

Current note has 0 direct children and 0 total descendants.

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$$G \curvearrowright P \rightarrow X$$

And it has 29 siblings.

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$$G \curvearrowright P \rightarrow X$$

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- [Locally compact and 2-countable Hausdorff topological spaces are paracompact with countable refinement](#)
- [Covering dimension of topological spaces](#)
- $\text{EndTop}(X, Y)$
- [Eilenberg–Steenrod functors](#)

$$(H_n : \mathbf{Top} \times \mathbf{Top} \rightarrow \mathbf{Ab}, \partial_n)$$

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