

When a group plays ping pong

(Ping-pong lemma for F_2) Let $\Gamma = \langle a, b \rangle$ for $a, b \in \Gamma$ and there is a action $\Gamma \curvearrowright X$ such that there are non-empty $A, B \subseteq X$ with $B \not\subseteq A$ such that for all $n \in \mathbb{Z} \setminus \{0\}$ we have

$$a^n(B) \subseteq A, b^n(A) \subseteq B$$

Then $\Gamma \cong F_2$ and Γ is freely generated by $\langle a, b \rangle$.

💡 Suppose the map

$$\langle x, y \rangle \rightarrow \Gamma$$

is not injective. So there is a word $w(x, y) \in \langle x, y \rangle \setminus \{\emptyset\}$ such that $w(a, b) = 1_\Gamma$. Depending on the first and last letter of $w(x, y)$ we have four cases:

- The word $w(x, y)$ starts and ends with x

$$w(x, y) = x^{n_0} y^{m_1} \dots y^{m_k} x^{n_k}$$

Then

$$\begin{aligned} B &= 1_\Gamma(B) = w(x, y)(B) \\ &= a^{n_0} b^{m_1} \dots b^{m_k} \underbrace{a^{n_k}(B)}_{\subseteq A} \\ &\quad \underbrace{\hspace{10em}}_{\subseteq B} \\ &\subseteq A \end{aligned}$$

which contradicts $B \not\subseteq A$.

- ...
- Hence, the surjective map $\langle x, y \rangle \rightarrow \Gamma$ is also injective, making $\langle x, y \rangle \cong \Gamma$ such that $x, y \mapsto a, b$.