

 Info

This note, that [was found here](#), as a part of [a collection](#) is written (completely with human hands) by [Rupadarshi Ray](#), was created on August 11, 2024 9:29:29 AM, was last modified on January 29, 2026 3:07:43 PM, and was exported on September 7, 2026 2:50:34 PM.

$$\exp\left(\frac{z+1}{z-1}\right)$$

 Quote

K. Hoffman called this the "world's greatest function"!

Proposition:

$$\exp\left(\frac{z+1}{z-1}\right):\mathbb{C}\setminus\{1\}\rightarrow\mathbb{C}$$

is holomorphic and

$$\left|\exp\left(\frac{z+1}{z-1}\right)\right|=\exp\operatorname{Re}\left(\frac{z+1}{z-1}\right)=\exp\left(\frac{|z|^2-1}{|z-1|^2}\right)$$

•
$$e^{x+iy}=e^x(\cos y+i\sin y)$$

and

$$\frac{z+1}{z-1}=\frac{\overbrace{(z+1)^2}^{(x+1+iy)^2}}{|z-1|^2}=\frac{(x+1)^2-y^2+2i(x+1)y}{(x-1)^2+y^2}$$

So on $z\in\mathbb{D}$ we have

$$\exp\left(\underbrace{\frac{|z|^2-1}{|z-1|^2}}_{\leq 0\text{ on }|z|<1}\right)\leq 1$$

[1]

Current note has 0 direct children and 0 total descendants.

- [squishy](#)
 - [pow](#)
 - $\exp\left(\frac{z+1}{z-1}\right)$

And it has 28 siblings.

- [squishy](#)
 - [pow](#)
 - [Angle function](#)
 - [Bessel functions](#)
 - $\cos\sqrt{z}$
 - [The complex logarithm](#)
 - $\sum_{n\geq 0} z^{n!}$
 - z^3-3z
 - $\frac{r_0}{1+\epsilon\cos b\theta}$
 - $\cos\left(\pi\frac{p}{q}\right)$
 - $\frac{\cos x^k}{x}$
 - [Elliptic integrals and Jacobi elliptic functions](#)
 - [The complex exponential](#) $\exp(z)$
 - $\exp\left(\frac{z+1}{z-1}\right)$
 - e^{-x^2}
 - [Only sum terms that are multiples of N in $\mathbb{C}[[z]](\textit{https://rupadarshiray.github.io/notes/YchnxQ9SF1RsuKjBntMv8a.})$]
 - $\int\frac{1}{x^2+bx+c}$
 - $\frac{\exp(z)}{1-z}$
 - $\sin x$
 - $\sin(x\sin(x))$
 - $\frac{\sin x}{x}$
 - [stock.sin x by xk](#)
 - $\sin x^2$
 - $\sqrt{z}$
 - $\sqrt{z^2-1}$
 - [Theta functions](#)
 - [Weierstrass elliptic function](#) $\wp$
 - [Weierstrass' primary factors](#)
 - $x^2\sin\frac{1}{x}$
 - $x+x^2\sin\frac{1}{x}$

