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Discrete subsets of topological spaces

Definition. Discrete subsets of topological spaces

Let X be a topological space. Then a subset $S \subseteq X$ is **discrete** if

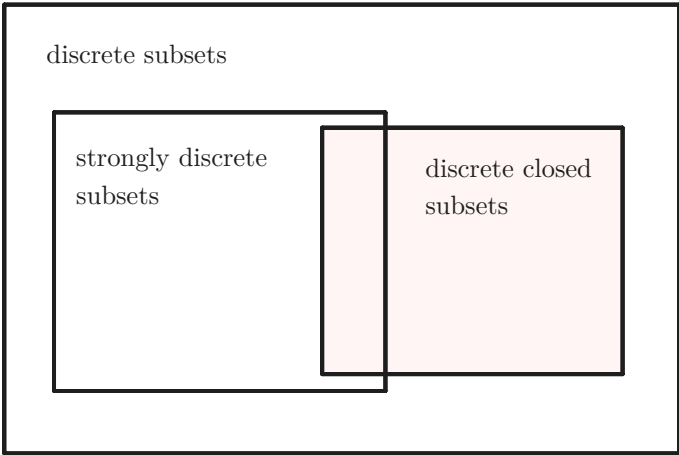
- when equipped with the subspace topology, it is a discrete topological space, that is, every subset is open
- $\iff$ for each $a \in S$ there is a onb $U_a \subseteq X$ of a such that $U_a \cap S = \{a\}$.

Definition. Strongly discrete subsets of topological spaces

Let X be a topological space. Then a subset $S \subseteq X$ is **strongly discrete** if there is a collection $\{U_a\}_{a \in S}$ of **pairwise disjoint** open sets such that

$$U_a \cap S = \{a\}$$

for each $a \in S$.



in metrizable spaces, discrete $\implies$ strongly discrete

Let $S \subseteq X$ be such that there is a collection $\{U_a\}_{a \in S}$ of open sets such that for all $a \in S$

$$U_a \cap S = \{a\}$$

(which makes S a **discrete** subset). Then there is a **pairwise disjoint** collection $\{V_a\}$ of subsets $V_a \subseteq U_a$ such that $V_a \cap S = \{a\}$ (making S **strongly discrete**).

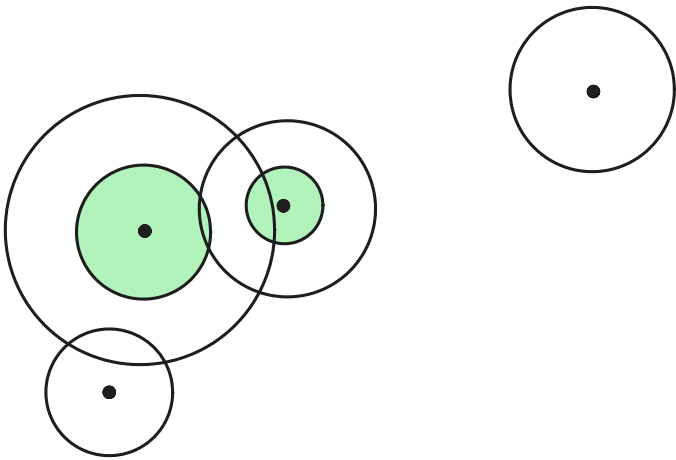
Choose $\epsilon(a) > 0$ such that $B_{\epsilon(a)}(a) \subseteq U_a$, which means

$$B_{\epsilon(a)} \cap S = \{a\}$$

- This means for $a, b \in S$

$$\begin{aligned} a \neq b &\iff d(a, b) \geq \epsilon(a), \epsilon(b) \\ &\iff d(a, b) \geq \max \{ \epsilon(a), \epsilon(b) \} \\ &\implies \\ d(a, b) < \max \{ \epsilon(a), \epsilon(b) \} &\implies a = b \end{aligned}$$

- Now consider $\{B_{\epsilon(a)/3}(a)\}_{a \in S}$



then

$$\begin{aligned} y &\in B_{\epsilon(a)/3}(a) \cap B_{\epsilon(b)/3}(b) \\ \implies d(y, a) &\leq \frac{\epsilon(a)}{3}, d(y, b) \leq \frac{\epsilon(b)}{3} \\ \implies d(a, b) &\leq d(a, y) + d(y, b) \\ &\leq \frac{1}{3}(\epsilon(a) + \epsilon(b)) \\ &\leq \frac{2}{3} \max \{ \epsilon(a), \epsilon(b) \} \\ &< \max \{ \epsilon(a), \epsilon(b) \} \\ \implies a &= b \end{aligned}$$

in Hausdorff spaces, finite subsets are strongly discrete
discrete closed subset S and locally finite collection of singletons $\{\{x\} \mid x \in S\}$

Current note has 0 direct children and 0 total descendants.

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 - [Topological spaces](#)
 - [Discrete subsets of topological spaces](#)

And it has 29 siblings.

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- [Topological spaces](#)

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$$G \curvearrowright P \rightarrow X$$

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